



Sources of Illicit Discharges

- Sanitary wastewater
- Car wash wastewaters
- Improper oil disposal
- Radiator flushing disposal
- Laundry wastewaters
- Spills from roadway accidents
- Improper disposal of auto and household toxics
- Improper disposal of yard waste, such as leaves

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State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources:

<http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/RUNOFF/stormwater.htm>

EPA Stormwater Phase II Final Rule:

<http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/fact2-5.pdf>

IDDE

Illicit Discharge Detection Elimination

(Stormwater Management)

The Village of



**NORTH
FOND DU LAC**



What is Stormwater?

Stormwater is rain or melted snow and ice that flow over the ground. Impervious surfaces, such as rooftops, sidewalks, roadways, and parking lots, inhibit stormwater runoff from seeping into the soil. As the water runs off paved surfaces, it picks up oil, gasoline, chemicals, litter and any other substance that has been deposited on the ground. The stormwater enters a storm drain and is carried and released into a water body, such as a stream. One common misconception is that stormwater is treated after it enters a storm drain. Typically, this is not the case. In most instances stormwater is not cleaned or treated before entering a stream, river, or lake.

What is Illicit Discharge?

A municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) refers to the system of pipes, ditches, and/or gullies, managed by a government entity, used for stormwater collection and distribution. The release of nonstormwater discharge into a stormwater sewer system, either accidentally or purposely, is considered an illicit discharge. Illicit discharges enter the stormwater sewer system through direct or indirect connections. An example of a direct connection is wastewater piping connected to a stormwater drain. An example of an indirect connection is dumping oil straight into a stormwater drain.

Illicit discharges flow, untreated, into Wisconsin's streams, rivers, and lakes, resulting in poor water quality conditions. These water bodies potentially serve as local drinking water sources, habitat for wildlife, and recreational areas used for swimming, boating, and fishing.



Do your part to minimize illicit discharges by:

Maintain vehicles properly to prevent leaks.

Recycling used motor oil at an oil recycling center.

Composting leaves, grass clippings, and other yard waste.

Disposing of paint and other household waste products properly.

The Village of North Fond du Lac has developed an illicit discharge detection and elimination (IDDE) program to address local illicit discharge issues. For information on the illicit discharge detection and elimination program in our community, feel free to contact the Village offices or look up chapter 19 of the Village Ordinances at www.nfdl.org